## **AMENDMENT**

It is respectfully requested that the application be amended, without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as follows:

## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

Kindly amend the claims, without prejudice, without admission, without surrender of subject matter, and without any intention of creating any estoppel as to equivalents, as follows:

- 1. (Previously Presented) A method of non-invasive immunization in an animal and/or a method of inducing a systemic immune response or systemic therapeutic response to a gene product, in an animal, comprising contacting skin of the animal with a bacterial vector that contains and expresses a nucleic acid molecule encoding the gene product, in an amount effective to induce the response.
  - 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the bacterial vector is gram positive.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the bacterial vector is gram negative.
  - 5. (Cancelled)
- 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the bacterial vector is chosen from the group consisting of *Bacillus*, *Clostridium*, *Streptococcus*, *Staphylococcus*, *Escherichia*, *Salmonella*, *Bordetella*, *Haemophilus* and *Vibrio*.
  - 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the bacterial vector is Salmonella.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the bacterial vector is *Salmonella typhimurium*.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid molecule is exogenous or heterologous to the vector.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the response comprises a systemic immune response.

- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the vector comprises and expresses an exogenous nucleic acid molecule encoding an epitope of interest.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the vector comprises and expresses an antigen.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the vector comprises and expresses a therapeutic product.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes an epitope of interest and/or an antigen of interest and/or a nucleic acid molecule that stimulates and/or modulates an immunological response and/or stimulates and/or modulates expression comprising transcription and/or translation of an endogenous and/or exogenous nucleic acid molecule.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the exogenous nucleic acid molecule encodes one or more of an antigen or portion thereof, or one or more of an epitope of interest, from a pathogen.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 4 wherein the exogenous nucleic acid molecule encodes one or more of: tetanus toxin C-fragment, anthrax protective antigen, anthrax lethal factor, rabies glycoprotein, and Mycobacterium tuberculosis HSP.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein the exogenous nucleic acid molecule encodes an immunomodulator.
  - 18. (Cancelled)
  - 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 3 wherein the response comprises an immune response against a pathogen.
  - 21. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the animal is a vertebrate.
  - 22. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the vertebrate is a bird or mammal.
- 23. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein the bird or mammal is a human or a companion or domesticated or food-or feed-producing or livestock or game or racing or sport animal.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 16 wherein the animal is a cow, a horse, a dog, a cat, a goat, a sheep, a pig, or a chicken, or a duck, or a turkey.

- 25. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the bacterium comprises an exogenous or heterologous nucleic acid molecule encoding the gene product for the response.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein the nucleic acid molecule is exogenous or heterologous and encodes an epitope of interest and the method is for inducing a systemic immunological response.
  - 27. (Cancelled)
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the vector is matched to, or a natural pathogen of, the animal.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 1 comprising application of a delivery device including the vector to the skin of the animal.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 25 further comprising disposing the vector in and/or on the delivery device.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 25 further comprising at least one application of the delivery device including the vector to the skin of the animal.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 27 further comprising multiple applications of the delivery device including the vector to the skin of the animal.
  - 33-34. (Cancelled)
- 35. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the response is against *Clostridium* tetanus infection.
- 36. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the exogenous nucleic acid molecule encodes tetanus toxin C-fragment.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the exogenous nucleic acid molecule encodes an antigen or epitope of tetanus toxin.
- 38. (Original) The method of claim 29 wherein the hair is not removed from the skin prior to applying the delivery device to the skin of the animal.
- 39. (Original) The method of claim 29 wherein the hair is removed from the skin prior to applying the delivery device to the skin of the animal.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, wherein the bacterial vector is *Escherichia coli*.
- 41. (New) A method of non-invasive immunization in an animal and/or a method of inducing a systemic immune response or systemic therapeutic response to a gene product, in an

animal, wherein the skin of the animal is contacted with a bacterial vector that contains and expresses a nucleic acid molecule encoding the gene product, in an amount effective to induce the response.

42. (New) A method of non-invasive immunization in an animal and/or a method of inducing a systemic immune response or systemic therapeutic response to a gene product, in an animal, wherein a bacterial vector that contains and expresses a nucleic acid molecule encoding the gene product, is topically applied to the skin of the animal in an amount effective to induce the response.